# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-06-2019 to 30-06-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 11-07-2019 Date published: 17-07-2019

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |         |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|---------|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits          |         |     |     |     |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | monthly | 60  | 48  | yes |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | monthly | 290 | 106 | yes |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |  |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 215               |  |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | -              | <30               |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 37                | 48             | 62                |  |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 3.9               |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 92                | 114            | 130               |  |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

### **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-05-2019 to 31-05-2019

Date obtained: 03-06-2019

Date published: 12-06-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | · ·                | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | monthly  | 60  | 47  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | monthly  | 290 | 116 | yes |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |  |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 280               |  |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | -              | 30                |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 48                | 53             | 60                |  |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | -              | 0.9               |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 82                | 114            | 130               |  |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-04-2019 to 30-04-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 06-05-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 13-05-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of measure | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L            | monthly  | 60  | 42  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L            | monthly  | 290 | 111 | yes |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 302               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 61                |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 206               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 42                | 46             | 49                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 1.1               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 94                | 109            | 130               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-03-2019 to 31-03-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 05-04-2019 Date published: 12-04-2019

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure                    | 3DGM Actual   within limits  |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L                                  | monthly  | 60  | 49  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L                                  | monthly  | 290 | 152 | yes |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 328               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 289               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 178               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 37                | 45             | 54                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 1.7               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 88                | 116            | 150               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-02-2019 to 28-02-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 05-03-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 08-03-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of measure | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L            | monthly  | 60  | 46  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L            | monthly  | 290 | 114 | yes |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |  |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 248               |  |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 30                |  |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 118               |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 42                | 48             | 52                |  |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 0.9               |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 110               | 134            | 160               |  |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-01-2019 to 31-01-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-02-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 22-02-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | •                  | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | monthly  | 60  | 55  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | monthly  | 290 | 184 | yes |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 935               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | <30               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 105               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 46                | 50             | 54                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 0.9               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 100               | 146            | 260               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-12-2018 to 31-12-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 04-01-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 11-01-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |   | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |    |    |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits |  |    |    |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L  | monthly  | 60 | 46 | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L  | mg/L monthly 290 93 yes  |    |    |     |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 233               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | <30               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 143               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 47                | 52             | 62                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 2.7               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 92                | 122            | 170               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-11-2018 to 30-11-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-12-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 21-12-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure                    | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L                                  | monthly  | 60  | 48  | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L                                  | monthly  | 290 | 103 | yes |  |  |  |

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                    | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |   |    |    |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|----|----|-----|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure |  |   |    |    |     |  |  |
| aluminium                       | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | -  | -  | 276 |  |  |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | -  | -  | <30 |  |  |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | -  | -  | 137 |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | every 6 days   | 5 | 45 | 48 | 51  |  |  |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol     | monthly  | 1 | -  | _  | 4.6 |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | every 6 days   | 5 | 74 | 94 | 120 |  |  |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-10-2018 to 31-10-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 12-11-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 23-11-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | · ·   | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |    |    |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits |  |    |    |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L  | monthly  | 60 | 40 | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L  | mg/L monthly 290 95 yes  |    |    |     |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 385               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | <30               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 115               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 38                | 43             | 47                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 0.8               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 85                | 96             | 100               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-09-2018 to 30-09-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 15-10-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 19-10-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |   | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |    |    |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits |  |    |    |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L  | monthly  | 60 | 50 | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L  | mg/L monthly 290 111 yes   |    |    |     |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 232               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | <30               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 170               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 45                | 48             | 50                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | _                 | _              | 5.7               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 84                | 92             | 110               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary**



### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-08-2018 to 31-08-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-09-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-09-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                    | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |    |    |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure | 3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits   |    |    |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | monthly  | 60 | 47 | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | mg/L monthly 290 110 yes   |    |    |     |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |                       |                   |                   |                |                   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure   | sampling<br>frequency | number of samples | minimum<br>result | mean<br>result | maximum<br>result |
| aluminium                       | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 349               |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 690               |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 151               |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 41                | 48             | 52                |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol   | monthly               | 1                 | -                 | _              | 3.8               |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L   | every 6 days          | 5                 | 93                | 102            | 120               |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$ 

# **Bondi Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary**



#### **EPL 1688**

Summary period: 01-07-2018 to 31-07-2018

Date obtained: 09-08-2018

Date published: 14-08-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                    | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |    |    |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure | 3DGM Actual   within limits  |    |    |     |  |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | monthly  | 60 | 47 | yes |  |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | mg/L monthly 290 104 yes   |    |    |     |  |  |  |

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

| EPA Point 5<br>Site code BN0005 |                    | Point description: In the effluent channel downstream of the sedimentation tanks |   |    |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|----|-----|-----|--|--|
| pollutant                       | unit of<br>measure |  |   |    |     |     |  |  |
| aluminium                       | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | _  | _   | 205 |  |  |
| hydrogen sulphide (unionised)   | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | _  | _   | 90  |  |  |
| nonylphenol ethoxylate          | ug/L               | monthly  | 1 | -  | -   | 136 |  |  |
| oil and grease                  | mg/L               | every 6 days   | 5 | 47 | 52  | 57  |  |  |
| sea urchin fertilisation (EC50) | % Effluent/Vol     | monthly  | 1 | _  | _   | 2   |  |  |
| total suspended solids          | mg/L               | every 6 days   | 5 | 92 | 116 | 150 |  |  |

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2  $\,$