Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-06-2019 to 30-06-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-07-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 17-07-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	12	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.9	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.4	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	3	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	41	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.3	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.02	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.29	6.07	8.97	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.07	0.09	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-05-2019 to 31-05-2019

Date obtained: 07-06-2019

Date published: 12-06-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point descript	ion: Downstrea	m of the disir	nfection faci	lities	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	124
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	2
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	59
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.9
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.03	0.04
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.92	7.61	9.27
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.08	0.08	0.09
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

EPL 750

Summary period: 01-04-2019 to 30-04-2019

Date obtained: 06-05-2019

Date published: 13-05-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	23		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.9		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.4		
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	3	6		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	44		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.05	0.14		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.67	6.97	7.69		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.09	0.14		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-03-2019 to 31-03-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 09-04-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 12-04-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	24		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	5		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	8.0		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.1		
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	2	458	2,700		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	41		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.4		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.55	1.36		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.25	5.24	6.32		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.17	0.33		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	10		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-02-2019 to 28-02-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-03-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 15-03-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	38		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.1		
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	4	5	85	320		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	65		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.9		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.16	0.73		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.48	4.06	4.38		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.08	0.14		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-01-2019 to 31-01-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-02-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 22-02-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	153		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.9		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.2		
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	6	15		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	89		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.4		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	1.48	6.57		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.68	5.95	8.3		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.08	0.11		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	8		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-12-2018 to 31-12-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 14-01-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 18-01-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	35	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.9	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.5	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	<1	6	15	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	58	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.6	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	2.14	9.47	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.23	8.33	20.3	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.08	0.15	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	10	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-11-2018 to 30-11-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 07-12-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 18-12-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	235	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	1.1	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.1	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	9	38	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	49	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.7	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	1.11	5.48	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.9	4.45	9.52	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.04	0.05	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-10-2018 to 31-10-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 12-11-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 23-11-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	209	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.1	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.1	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	68012	340,000	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	28	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.3	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.01	0.94	4.84	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	1.98	4.28	7.17	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.03	0.06	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	3	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-09-2018 to 30-09-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 15-10-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 19-10-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	262	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.2	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.2	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	3	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	38	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.5	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.14	0.62	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.99	3.93	7.61	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.04	0.05	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	13	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-08-2018 to 31-08-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-09-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-09-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	579		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.4		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.9		
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	2	7	13		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	45		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.5		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.06	0.15		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.44	5.58	9.99		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.06	0.09		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Hornsby Heights Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 750

Summary period: 01-07-2018 to 31-07-2018

Date obtained: 09-08-2018

Date published: 14-08-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code HH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	475	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.5	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.1	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	3	14	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	80	
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.7	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.06	0.17	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.55	2.35	4.21	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.05	0.08	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2