

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-06-2021 to 30-06-2021

Date obtained: 01-07-2021

Date published: 15-07-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	59	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	758
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	273
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	45	52	60
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.9
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	178	220

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the June monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-05-2021 to 31-05-2021

Date obtained: 08-06-2021

Date published: 21-06-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	53	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	189	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	534
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	316
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	48	59	68
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	1.2
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	180	190	210

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the May monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-04-2021 to 30-04-2021

Date obtained: 04-05-2021

Date published: 17-05-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	44	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	587
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	140
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	43	50	66
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	170	202	230

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the April monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-03-2021 to 31-03-2021

Date obtained: 04-04-2021

Date published: 14-04-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	39	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	163	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	447
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	167
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8	32	39
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.7
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	59	138	170

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the March monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-02-2021 to 28-02-2021

Date obtained: 07-03-2021

Date published: 17-03-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	43	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	163	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1,100
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	45
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	35	40	45
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.7
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	162	180

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the February monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-01-2021 to 31-01-2021

Date obtained: 12-02-2021

Date published: 23-02-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	42	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	180	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	438
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	48
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	328
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	39	44	54
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	3.4
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	166	180

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the January monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-12-2020 to 31-12-2020

Date obtained: 08-01-2021

Date published: 18-01-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	41	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	189	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	511
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	118
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	33	41	48
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	1.4
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	170	188	210

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the December monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-11-2020 to 30-11-2020

Date obtained: 10-12-2020

Date published: 15-12-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	41	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	203	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	735
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	169
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	39	47	56
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.7
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	160	192	210

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the November monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-10-2020 to 31-10-2020

Date obtained: 05-11-2020

Date published: 13-11-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	43	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	481
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	57
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	36	38	40
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.7
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	160	178	190

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the October monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-09-2020 to 30-09-2020

Date obtained: 07-10-2020

Date published: 19-10-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	39	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	159	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	823
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	94
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	38	43	47
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	4.8
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	120	134	150

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the September monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-08-2020 to 31-08-2020

Date obtained: 06-09-2020

Date published: 16-09-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	37	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	116	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	674
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	36
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	29	39	48
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.22
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	100	118	140

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the August monitoring period.

Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant

July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 372

Summary period: 01-07-2020 to 31-07-2020

Date obtained: 10-08-2020

Date published: 14-08-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	40	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	120	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006		Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	526
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	338
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	6	34	38	40
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	0.34
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	93	117	140

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the July monitoring period.