Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-06-2019 to 30-06-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-07-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 17-07-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	377		
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.4		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.5		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	9		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	182		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.3		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.11	0.23		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.76	4.77	5.24		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.09	0.13		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximun measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	0.08	0.41	

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-05-2019 to 31-05-2019

Date obtained: 06-06-2019

Date published: 12-06-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	258
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.6
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.4
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	13	31
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	175
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.7
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.54	2.32
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.83	5.43	5.94
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.05	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	25

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximur measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream							
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-04-2019 to 30-04-2019

Date obtained: 06-05-2019

Date published: 13-05-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	153
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.9
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	9	22
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	99
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.5
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.01
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.6	4.16	4.92
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.05	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximur measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream							
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-03-2019 to 31-03-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 09-04-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 12-04-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	163
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.3
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	8
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.3
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	4	19
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	100
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.9
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	2.77	7.32
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.89	8.54	12.5
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.17	0.48
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	25

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-02-2019 to 28-02-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-03-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 15-03-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	143
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.3
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.6
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	33	79
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	128
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.7
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.08	0.31
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.35	6.21	7.21
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.05	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	24

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-01-2019 to 31-01-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-02-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 22-02-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	218
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.3
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.1
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	44	100
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	114
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.4
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.23	1.05
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.25	5.18	6.15
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.06	0.08
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	35

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 0.05						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-12-2018 to 31-12-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 07-01-2019
Date published: 11-01-2019

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	260
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	15	49
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	93
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.2
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	1.18	4.55
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.93	5.71	7.38
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.07	0.11
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	28

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-11-2018 to 30-11-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 07-12-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 18-12-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	178
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.3
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	21	59
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	96
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.4
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.1	0.4
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.26	4.12	5.09
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.05	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	27

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-10-2018 to 31-10-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 12-11-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 23-11-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	205
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.4
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	1	9	39
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	116
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.6
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.67	3.09
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.77	4.04	6.39
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.07	0.11
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	28

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 6 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-09-2018 to 30-09-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 15-10-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 19-10-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	180		
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.2		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.9		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	28	120		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	109		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.3		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.01	0.14	0.66		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.61	4.47	5.84		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.07		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	30		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream							
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-08-2018 to 31-08-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-09-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-09-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	297		
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	5.5		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	4		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	141		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.9		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.01	2.72	5.9		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	3.3	6	8.69		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.05	0.07	0.11		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	38		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream							
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-07-2018 to 31-07-2018

Date obtained: 09-08-2018

Date published: 14-08-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	209		
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	0.2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.4		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.9		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	1		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	150		
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.4		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.56	3.46	5.39		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.34	6.03	7.58		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.08	0.09		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	42		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream							
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2