

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-06-2021 to 30-06-2021

Date obtained: 06-07-2021

Date published: 20-07-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	126
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.2
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	3	8
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	111
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.01	0.02	0.06
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.64	4.03	4.57
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.07

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-05-2021 to 31-05-2021

Date obtained: 08-06-2021

Date published: 21-06-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	140
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6.2
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	3	19	64
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	110
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.02	0.02
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.36	3.94	4.16
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.05	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-04-2021 to 30-04-2021

Date obtained: 08-05-2021

Date published: 17-05-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	117
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.2
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.7
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	20	47	86
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	121
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.02	0.03
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.05	4.44	4.78
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.07	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-03-2021 to 31-03-2021

Date obtained: 07-04-2021

Date published: 20-04-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	4	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	138
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.4
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	1	35	76
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	107
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.52	1.23
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.59	4.86	5.31
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.12	0.3
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	23

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-02-2021 to 28-02-2021

Date obtained: 08-03-2021

Date published: 17-03-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	114
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.8
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	4	<1	16	42
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	112
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.04	0.06
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.21	4.05	4.67
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.07	0.09
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-01-2021 to 31-01-2021

Date obtained: 14-02-2021

Date published: 23-02-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	153
arsenic	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	-	0.3
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	-	0.8
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	27	66
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	106
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	-	2.5
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.07	0.18
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.44	4.18	5.21
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	23

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	0.06	0.3

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-12-2020 to 31-12-2020

Date obtained: 08-01-2021

Date published: 18-01-2021

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	111
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.8
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	7	48	100
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	111
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.06	0.14
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.37	3.55	4.84
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.07	0.1
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-11-2020 to 30-11-2020

Date obtained: 10-12-2020

Date published: 15-12-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	255
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.6
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	14	26
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	129
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.23	1.03
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.64	3.98	4.74
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-10-2020 to 31-10-2020

Date obtained: 10-11-2020

Date published: 13-11-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	203
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	4	12
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	110
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.15	0.6
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	2.65	3.46	4.27
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.04	0.05	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-09-2020 to 30-09-2020

Date obtained: 15-10-2020

Date published: 23-10-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	264
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.8
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	5
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	159
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.05	0.12
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.53	3.21	4.6
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.06	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Note: biochemical oxygen demand monitoring commenced from September 2020.

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-08-2020 to 31-08-2020

Date obtained: 05-09-2020

Date published: 16-09-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	285
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	136
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	2.65	5.06
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.11	5.75	7.73
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.08	0.11
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	0.14	0.6

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	68

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Wastewater Treatment Plant

July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-07-2020 to 31-07-2020

Date obtained: 05-08-2020

Date published: 14-08-2020

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005		Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	185
arsenic	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.8
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	2
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	140
nickel	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.6
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.87	4.16
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.77	4.06	7.49
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.15	0.57
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	13
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	30

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021		Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	0.06	0.32

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	8.4

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).