West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-06-2019 to 30-06-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-07-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 17-07-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	5	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point descript	lities				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	171
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.7
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	15	36	60
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	39
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.08	0.2
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.79	5.32	7.72
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.22	0.72
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	12

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-05-2019 to 31-05-2019

Date obtained: 07-06-2019

Date published: 12-06-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	170
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	5.3
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	24	58	97
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	40
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.06	0.24
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.95	7.19	11.6
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.07	0.11
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-04-2019 to 30-04-2019

Date obtained: 06-05-2019

Date published: 13-05-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	345
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	4.1
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	20	57	92
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	46
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.27	1.27
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.72	4.34	5.62
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.1	0.23
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-03-2019 to 31-03-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 09-04-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 12-04-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits					
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	4	yes	

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	376	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	9	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	6.6	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	8	168	640	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	302	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	1.12	2.98	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.31	5.42	7.75	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.26	0.53	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	9	18	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	20	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-02-2019 to 28-02-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-03-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 15-03-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	151
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	5.2
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	4	25	40	67
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	34
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.06	0.19
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.76	4.75	6.01
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.08
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-01-2019 to 31-01-2019 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-02-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 22-02-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	285
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	8
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	60	73	110
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	87
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.02
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.95	4.95	5.58
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-12-2018 to 31-12-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 07-01-2019 PO Box 399

Date published: 11-01-2019 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	322	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.6	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	33	151	440	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	79	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.02	0.02	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.99	3.71	6.22	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.08	0.09	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-11-2018 to 30-11-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 07-12-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 18-12-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	316
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	3.9
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	28	91	220
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	146
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.11	0.27
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.48	2.82	4.79
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.09	0.11	0.16
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	3	5
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	19

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-10-2018 to 31-10-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 13-11-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 23-11-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	216	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	3	5	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	3.3	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<5	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	25	142205	710,000	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	70	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	2.04	8.51	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	1.57	5.07	12.3	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.06	0.24	0.43	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	18	85	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	14	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-09-2018 to 30-09-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 15-10-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 19-10-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	5	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	13	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	564	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	12.7	
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	29	89	310	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	542	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.41	0.95	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.76	4.79	7.08	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.12	0.28	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	5	10	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	25	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-08-2018 to 31-08-2018 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 11-09-2018 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-09-2018 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	5	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	263
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.3
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	15	62	110
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	389
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.52	1.21
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.82	2.61	3.63
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.11	0.23	0.29
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	5	7
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$

West Hornsby Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1695

Summary period: 01-07-2018 to 31-07-2018

Date obtained: 09-08-2018

Date published: 14-08-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WH0005	Point description: Downstream of the disinfection facilities					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	236
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.2
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	8	23	48
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	55
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.14	0.53
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.31	2.78	4.64
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.39	0.68
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2 $\,$